a) nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7,

b) SEQ ID NO:15, and

c) a DNA sequence which hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:15 [or nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7] under conditions comprising hybridization in a solution comprising 50% formamide, 5X SSC, 0.1% SDS, 5 mM EDTA, 10X Denhardt's solution, and 25 mM sodium phosphate at pH 6.5 with 250  $\mu$ g/ml carrier DNA, and washing in 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 42°C for 3 x 30 minutes.

- 2. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 1, further comprising a transport signal encoding sequence from a plant nuclear-encoded gene.
- 3. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 2, wherein said transport signal encoding sequence comprises a plastid transit peptide.
- 4. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 1, wherein said DNA sequence further comprises as an operably joined component a transport signal encoding sequence for a signal peptide which provides for transport across the rough endoplasmic reticulum.
- 5. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 4, wherein said DNA sequence further comprises as an operably joined component, 3' to said open reading frame, a vacuolar localization signal.
- 6. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence of Claim 1 wherein said pigment is melanin or indigo.
- 7. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence of Claim 1 wherein said open reading frame is from a bacterial or a plant gene.

- 8. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence of Claim 7 wherein said gene is selected from the group consisting of ORF438, tyrA, anthocyanin R gene, anthocyanin C1 gene, pig, and tna.
- 9. (Reiterated) A DNA construct comprising a DNA sequence of Claim 1.
- 10. (Reiterated) A DNA construct comprising two DNA sequences according to Claim 1, wherein said protein in a biosynthesis pathway in each of said two DNA sequences is not encoded by the same gene.
- 12. (Reiterated) A plant cell comprising a DNA construct of Claim 9.
- 13. (Reiterated) A plant comprising a cell of Claim 12.
- 14. (Reiterated) A method of modifying fiber phenotype in a cotton plant, said method comprising:

transforming a plant cell with a DNA construct according to Claim 9 or 10; and growing said plant cell to produce a plant comprising fiber tissue, wherein said fiber tissue comprises a substrate of said protein in a pigment biosynthesis pathway, and wherein said protein reacts with said substrate to produce said pigment, whereby the phenotype of said fiber is modified.

- 15. (Reiterated) The method of Claim 14 wherein said DNA construct further comprises a transport signal encoding sequence from a plant nuclear-encoded gene.
- 16. (Reiterated) The method of Claim 14 wherein said DNA construct further comprises a transport signal encoding sequence, which encodes a signal peptide which provides for transport across the rough endoplasmic reticulum.

- 18. (Reiterated) The method of Claim 16 wherein said DNA comprises constructs for expression of two proteins in a pigment biosynthesis pathway wherein said two proteins are not encoded by the same gene.
- 19. (Reiterated) The method of Claim 18 wherein said pigment is melanin and said proteins are encoded by *tyr*A and ORF438.
- 20. (Reiterated) The method of Claim 18 wherein said pigment is indigo and said proteins are encoded by *tna* and *pig*.
- 21. (Reiterated) The method of Claim 18 wherein said pigment is anthocyanin and said two proteins are the anthocyanin R and C1 proteins.
- 22. (Reiterated) The method of Claim 14 wherein said fiber tissue is a cotton burr.
- 23. (Allowable) A recombinant DNA construct comprising the cotton tissue transcriptional sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 7.
- 24. (Allowable) A recombinant DNA construct comprising the cotton tissue transcriptional sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 15.
- 25. (Allowable) An isolated DNA comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 26. (Allowable) An isolated DNA comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 12.
- 28. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 1, wherein said transcriptional factor is obtained by the method of probing a genomic library derived from a plant fiber tissue.

- 30. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 59, further comprising a transport signal encoding sequence from a plant nuclear-encoded gene.
- 31. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 30, wherein said transport signal encoding sequence comprises a plastid transit peptide.
- 32. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 59, further comprising a transport signal encoding sequence for a signal peptide which provides for transport across the rough endoplasmic reticulum.
- .33. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 32, wherein said sequence further comprises, 3' to said open reading frame, a vacuolar localization signal.
- 34. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence of Claim 57 wherein said open reading frame is from a bacterial gene.
- 35. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence of Claim 34 wherein said bacterial gene is selected from the group consisting of ORF438, tyrA, pig, and tna.
- 36. (Reiterated) A DNA construct comprising a DNA sequence of Claim 59.
- 37. (Reiterated) The DNA construct of Claim 36 wherein said cotton plant cell is a cotton fiber cell.
- 38. (Reiterated) A plant cell comprising a DNA construct of Claim 36.
- 39. (Reiterated) A plant comprising a plant cell of Claim 38.

42. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 59 wherein said transcriptional factor is obtained by the method of probing a genomic library derived from a plant fiber tissue.

Su19,

- 44. (Thrice Amended) A DNA sequence comprising as operably joined components in the direction of transcription, a transcriptional factor functional in a cotton plant cell and an open reading frame encoding an enzyme in a biosynthetic pathway of melanin or indigo, wherein said transcriptional factor is selected from the group consisting of:
- a) nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7,
- b) SEQ ID NO:15, and
- c) a DNA sequence which hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:15 [or nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7] under conditions comprising hybridization in a solution comprising 50% formamide, 5X SSC, 0.1% SDS, 5 mM EDTA, 10X Denhardt's solution, and 25 mM sodium phosphate at pH 6.5 with 250  $\mu$ g/ml carrier DNA, and washing in 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 42°C for 3 x 30 minutes.
- 45. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 44, further comprising a transport signal encoding sequence from a plant nuclear-encoded gene.
- 46. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 45, wherein said transport signal encoding sequence comprises a plastid transit peptide.
- 47. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 44, further comprising a transport signal encoding sequence for a signal peptide which provides for transport across the rough endoplasmic reticulum.
- 48. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 47, wherein said sequence further comprises, 3' to said open reading frame, a vacuolar localization signal.

- 49. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence of Claim 44 wherein said open reading frame is from a bacterial gene.
- 50. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence of Claim 49 wherein said bacterial gene is selected from the group consisting of ORF438, *tyrA*, *pig*, and *tna*.
- 51. (Reiterated) A DNA construct comprising a DNA sequence of Claim 44.
- 52. (Reiterated) The DNA construct of Claim 51 wherein said cotton plant cell is a cotton fiber cell.
- 53. (Reiterated) A plant cell comprising a DNA construct of Claim 51.
- 54. (Reiterated) A plant comprising a plant cell of Claim 53.
- 55. (Reiterated) The DNA sequence according to Claim 44 wherein said transcriptional factor is obtained by probing a genomic library derived from a plant fiber tissue.

57. (Thrice Amended) A DNA sequence comprising as operably joined components in the direction of transcription, a transcriptional factor functional in a cotton fiber cell and an open reading frame encoding an enzyme in the biosynthetic pathway of a pigment, wherein said transcriptional factor is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7,
- b) SEQ ID NO:15, and
- c) a DNA sequence which hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:15 [or nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7] under conditions comprising hybridization in a solution comprising 50% formamide, 5X SSC, 0.1% SDS, 5 mM EDTA, 10X Denhardt's solution, and 25 mM sodium

Serial N

Serial Number: 08/984,099

phosphate at pH 6.5 with 250  $\mu$ g/ml carrier DNA, and washing in 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 42°C for 3 x 30 minutes.

Jup 57

- 59. (Twice Amended) A DNA sequence comprising a transcriptional factor functional in a cotton plant cell, wherein said transcriptional factor is selected from the group consisting of:
- a) nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7,
- b) SEQ ID NO:15, and
- c) a DNA sequence which hybridizes with up to the full length of SEQ ID NO:15 [or nucleotides 65-4163 of SEQ ID NO:7] under conditions comprising hybridization in a solution comprising 50% formamide, 5X SSC, 0.1% SDS, 5 mM EDTA, 10X Denhardt's solution, and 25 mM sodium phosphate at pH 6.5 with 250  $\mu$ g/ml carrier DNA, and washing in 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 42°C for 3 x 30 minutes.
- 61. (Allowable) A recombinant DNA construct comprising the cotton tissue transcriptional sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 11.
- 65. (Reiterated) An isolated DNA comprising the cotton transcriptional sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7.
- 66. (Reiterated) An isolated DNA comprising the cotton transcriptional sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:15.

## REMARKS

## The Claimed Invention

The claimed invention is directed to methods for modifying fiber phenotype in a cotton plant, together with DNA sequences and constructs for use in the method and plant cells and plants produced using the method.